

Beacon-RTL-VHDL

Comprehensive Test Suite for VHDL-RTL Compliance

Addressing the needs of EDA tool developers to quickly evaluate the quality of their products, Interra's Beacon-RTL-VHDL delivers a comprehensive test suite to check RTL compliance in a VHDL-based EDA product.

Based on VHDL (VHDL'87, VHDL'93 and VHDL'02) standards, these test suites lets you characterize EDA tools for compliance and quality across various synthesis styles, RTL semantics, and supported/unsupported RTL subsets.

Enabling you to discover RTL non-compliance early in the product development and testing life cycle, Beacon-RTL-VHDL offers:

- Reduced development costs and time-to-market EDA products
- Development of standard-based products
- Precise evaluation of bugs and errors in the product
- Measure of product quality
- Unbiased feedback on product quality
- Regression tests for quality assurance

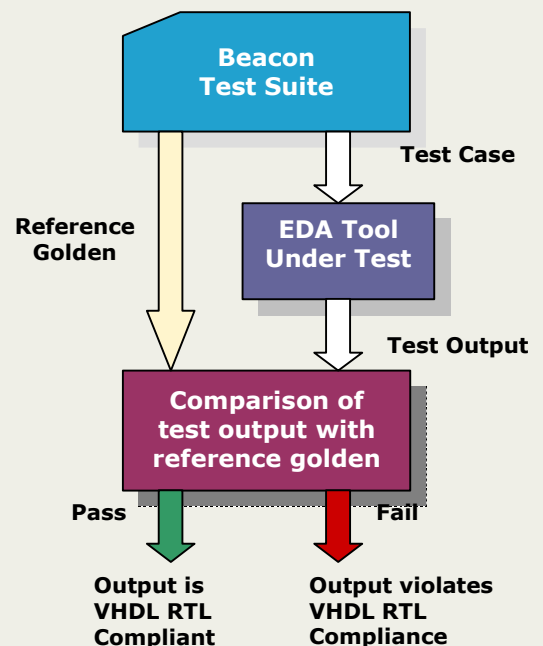
The test cases and test benches can be applied to the EDA tool under evaluation and results can be compared with the simulation output provided with Beacon-RTL-VHDL.

Highlights

- Over 2,000 test cases along with test benches
- Expected simulation output for all positive test cases
- Detailed test plans with cross-reference to test cases
- Well organized test cases highlighting testing objectives
- Both positive and negative test cases

Key Advantages

- Field-proven test suite that has been used to mature several industry-standard EDA tools
- Developed in partnership with significant EDA majors
- Conforming to accepted definition and interpretation of RTL semantics
- Providing an unbiased quality analysis of EDA tools
- Complete coverage of RTL subsets and styles
- Comprehensive validation of a synthesis-based test tool



Beacon-RTL-VHDL Features

Comprehensive Test Suite

Beacon-RTL-VHDL is a comprehensive test suite covering syntax and semantics of VHDL-based RTL synthesis. The test cases include several styles including complicated test cases that combine different synthesizable constructs with post-synthesis aspects, such as parallel output instances.

Well-Categorized Test Suite

The test cases are well organized based on synthesizable constructs and styles.

Synthesizable Construct-based Test Cases

Construct-based test cases target all synthesizable VHDL constructs of varying usage. These test cases test the language coverage of an EDA tool.

Style-based Test Cases

Style-based test cases verify if an EDA tool is compliant with the various RTL modeling styles. These test cases include standard styles of RTL modeling. Such as implicit style state machine, explicit style state machine, synchronous and asynchronous reset modeling.

Negative and Ignored Test Cases

Negative test cases include styles that do not comply with the RTL subset.

Ignored test cases include styles, which can be ignored by the tool, but which should generate an appropriate warning.

Well Documented Test Plans

The test plans describe all test objectives and are categorized by sections. Each test case has a reference to the section number of the test plan.

Test Benches for all Tests

Provides test benches to instantiate test cases and apply vectors on inputs. Outputs are captured after an appropriate interval and written on to a file. You can easily apply the test bench to the test tool and compare the outputs. You can also apply the test bench to reference golden tool and compare the outputs.

RTL subset/Style	Number of Test Cases
3_state_inf	5
Attributes	11
Comb_machines	6
Concurrent, sequential	315
Configuration	4
Entity_architecture	70
Expression, types_decls	407
IEEE_UX01, IEEE_UX01Z	27
IEEE_X01, IEEE_X01Z	28
IEEE_signed, IEEE_unsigned	98
IEEE_std_logic, IEEE_std_ulogic	30
IEEE_stdlogic_vector, IEEE_stdulogic_vector	31
IEEE_small_int,	12
Ignore, unup_const	81
Library	1
Miscellaneous	255
Negative	79
Package, sub_programs	155
Package_std_logic_arith	5
Package_std_logic_signed	18
Package_std_logic_unsigned	16
Pragma	29
Reg_inf	94
Seq_machines, state_machines	35
VHDL-93	244
VHDL-2002 (Non-synthesizable)	90
Total	2,146

Sample Test Case

```
-- Testcase : 20.8.4
-- A generate statement ("for" generation scheme)
-- contains a declarative part.
entity decl_in_generatel is
  port (      IN1, IN2 : bit_vector( 7 downto 0);
        OUTPUT : out bit_vector( 7 downto 0));
end entity decl_in_generatel;

architecture decl_in_generatel of
decl_in_generatel is
  begin
    C : for i in IN1'range generate
      signal S : bit; -- signal declaration
      begin
        S <= IN1(i) and IN2(i);
        OUTPUT(i) <= IN1(i) xor (S nand IN2(i));
      end generate C;
  end architecture decl_in_generatel;
```